

Washington, Go

UNITEDSTATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

OMB APPROVAL

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FACING	PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Exphange Act of 1934 and Rule 179-5 Thereunder

Securities Exchange	ge Act of 1954 and is	LEED X 166 C X XXVX VIII	/ /
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	Olol II MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING_	12/3//11 MM/DD/YY
A. REGI	STRANT IDENTIFI	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Jenni		(USA) Inc	
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSIN			FIRM I.D. NO.
Suite 2700,	308-472	ave SW	
Calgary (City)	(No. and Street) Abeta (State)	Canada	Tap 6H7
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER	SON TO CONTACT IN	REGARD TO THIS I	REPORT
			(Area Code – Telephone Number)
B. ACCC	OUNTANT IDENTIF	TCATION	(
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT WE	opers LLI	?	·
	Name – if individual, state last (City)		Canada T2P5L (Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
☐ Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Public Accountant			
Accountant not resident in Unite	ed States or any of its pos	ssessions.	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE	ONLY	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

> Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

wancy Peck	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial sta	atement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
Jennines Capital (USA)	NC, as
of December 31	20, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
reither the company per any partner proprietor princir	oal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows	MI OTHER OF MINESON COMPANY IN THE PROPERTY OF
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows	•
	Now
SYLVIE JULIETTE V	VELSH Signature
SUIVIC WOSH Student-at-Lav	N O T
	CFO, Director
- 0 d A	Title
SUNIS	
	AND HE HADETTE MELOLI
Notary Public	SYLVIE JULIETTE WELSH A Gommissioner for Oathd/Notary Public
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	In and for the Province of Alberta
(a) Facing Page.	
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity	or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinate	ed to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Rec	quirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Cont	rol Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
☐ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explana	ation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
Computation for Determination of the Reserve	Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	ndited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation.	
(I) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
(I) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	ound to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

Financial Statements

December 31, 2011 and 2010



February 27, 2012

Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Jennings Capital (USA) Inc.:

In our opinion, the accompanying statements of financial condition and the related statements of operations, comprehensive income and retained earnings, cash flows and changes in shareholder's equity present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Jennings Capital (USA) Inc. at December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The statement of changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors, schedule 1 and schedule 2 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Pricenationous Coopers U.P.

Chartered Accountant

Jennings Capital (USA) Inc. Statements of Financial Condition

As at December 31, 2011 and 2010

(expressed in U.S. dollars)		
	2011 \$	2010 \$
Assets		
Current Assets Cash Due from parent Due from client Prepaid expenses	2,793,941 5,995 - 21,684	1,635,999 13,314 197,050 21,671
•	2,821,620	1,868,034
Intangible assets (note 3)	<u> </u>	18,130
	2,821,620	1,886,164
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities Accounts payable Due to client	16,803 - 66,402	17,541 197,050 42,272
Income taxes payable	83,205	256,863
Shareholder's Equity		
Capital Stock (note 4)	2,150,100	1,150,100
Retained Earnings	588,315	479,201
	2,738,415	1,629,301
	2,821,620	1,886,164

Approved by the Board of Directors	. 1	
Director	1)ka	Director
Director		

Statements of Operations, Comprehensive Income and Retained Earnings For the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010

(expressed in U.S. dollars)		
	2011 \$	2010 \$
Revenue Underwriting Commissions Other	103,950 956,986 3,077	67,869 937,739 544
	1,064,013	1,006,152
Expenses General and administrative (note 6) Amortization of intangible assets	829,995 18,130	797,415 29,461
	848,125	826,876
Income before taxes	215,888	179,276
Income tax expense Current	106,774	40,147
Net earnings and comprehensive income	109,114	139,129
Retained Earnings - Beginning of year	479,201	340,072
Retained Earnings - Beginning of year Retained Earnings - End of year	588;315	479,201

Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010

(expressed in U.S. dollars)		
	2011 \$	2010 \$
Cash provided by (used in)		
Operating activities Net earnings for the year	109,114	139,129
Items not affecting cash Amortization of intangible assets	18,130	29,461
Change in non-cash working capital Due from parent Due from client Prepaid expenses Accounts Payable Due to client Income taxes payable	7,319 197,050 (13) (738) (197,050) 24,130	(2,440) (197,050) (6,249) (2,111) 197,050 29,545
	157,942	187,335
Financing activities Issuance of common shares	1,000,000	500,000
Change in cash during the year	1,157,942	687,335
Cash - Beginning of year	1,635,999	948,664
Cash - End of year	2,793,941	1,635,999

During the year, net cash taxes of \$79,132 were paid (2010 - \$10,601) and net cash interest of \$5,661 was paid (2010 - \$2,929).

Statement of Changes in Shareholder's Equity
For the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010

(expressed in U.S. dollars)

(
•	2011 \$	2010 \$
Net earnings for the year	109,114	139,129
Issuance of common shares	1,000,000	500,000
Shareholder's equity - Beginning of year	1,629,301	990,172
Shareholder's equity - End of year	2,738,415	1,629,301

Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors For the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010

(expressed in U.S. dollars)

(expressed in O.S. donars)		
•	2011	2010
	\$	\$
Subordinated loans - Beginning of year	-	-
Increases (decreased) during the year		
Subordinated loans		
Subordinated loans - End of year		

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2011 and 2010

1 Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America under the provisions of rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. These statements are intended solely for the use of regulators as described in rule 17a-5 of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

Jennings Capital (USA) Inc. ("JCIUSA") operates as an investment dealer. JCIUSA is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). JCIUSA is subject to regulation by FINRA. Under FINRA regulations, JCIUSA is required to maintain a minimum net capital. JCIUSA currently meets the capital requirements of FINRA.

2 Significant accounting policies

a) Securities

Securities transactions and related revenues are recorded on a trade date basis.

b) Revenue recognition

Underwriting revenue relates to revenue earned on the sale of debt and equity securities and is recorded on closing of the transaction. Commission revenue is recorded on a trade date basis.

c) Income taxes

JCIUSA follows the asset and liability method of accounting for income tax. Under this method future income taxes are recognized using applicable enacted income tax rates attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying values and their respective income tax bases. The effect of a change in tax rates on future income tax liabilities and assets is included in income in the period of change. Future income tax assets are calculated and if realization is not considered "more likely than not", a valuation allowance is provided.

d) Intangible assets

The intangible assets are being amortized on a straight line basis over five years commencing in the month the intangible assets were acquired. JCIUSA assess the value of its intangible assets for impairment and adjusts to the lower of cost or market value as required when circumstances suggest that such an analysis is warranted.

e) Foreign exchange

The functional currency of JCIUSA (a wholly owned subsidiary of Jennings Capital Inc. ("JCI")) is the United States dollar. Transactions denominated in a currency other than the functional currency are translated at the exchange rate in effect on the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency are translated at the exchange rate in effect as at the reporting period and the related gains and losses are included in the results of operations for the period.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2011 and 2010

f) Management estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year.

g) Financial instruments

JCIUSA classifies financial instruments as one of the following categories: held for trading, available for sale, held to maturity, loans and receivables, and other financial liabilities.

The financial assets and liabilities classified as held for trading are measured at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recognized in earnings.

The financial assets and liabilities classified as loans and receivables, and other financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost. JCIUSA classifies cash, due from parent, and due from client as loans and receivables. Accounts payable and due to client are classified as other financial liabilities. The carrying value of the financial instruments classified as loans and receivables and other financial liabilities approximates their fair value due to their short term nature.

The financial assets classified as held to maturity are measured at amortized cost. JCIUSA does not currently classify any assets as held to maturity.

3 Intangible assets

The intangible assets relate to costs incurred to acquire the licences required to operate in the United States of America. The intangible assets are being amortized on a straight line basis over five years, which is the expected period of benefit for these expenditures.

			2011	2010
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	Net \$	Net \$
Costs for regulatory licenses	147,513	147,513	-	18,130

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2011 and 2010

4 Capital stock

The following capital stock has been authorized:

Unlimited Class C common shares. These shares have voting rights and are eligible for dividends as determined by the Board of Directors.

	2011			2010	
	Number of shares	Amount \$	Number of shares	Amount \$	
Class C common shares Outstanding - Beginning of year	104	1,150,100	103	650,100 500,000	
Issued during the year for cash	2	1,000,000	104		
Outstanding - End of year	106	2,150,100	104	1,150,100	

5 Financial instruments

In the normal course of business, JCIUSA is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (includes fair value risk, interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk).

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk associated with a counterparty's inability to fulfil its payment obligations. Credit risk arises from cash, due from parent, and due from client. The maximum credit risk exposure to JCIUSA is the carrying amount of these financial instruments as presented in the financial statements as at December 31, 2011.

The primary source of credit risk to JCIUSA is with regards to its cash. Cash is held only at Canadian financial institutions to mitigate this risk.

JCIUSA is also exposed to risk that counterparties due from parent and due from client balances will not fulfil their obligations. Counterparties include Jennings Capital Inc. (parent company) and clients. To minimize its exposure, JCIUSA management monitors the collectability of receivables on a monthly basis and determines if an estimate for allowance for doubtful accounts is necessary. As of December 31, 2011, the allowance for doubtful accounts was \$nil (2010 – \$nil).

As of December 31, 2011, JCI's only counterparty concentration was from parent. Management does not anticipate any loss from non-performance.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that JCIUSA cannot meet a demand for cash or fund its obligations as they become due. JCIUSA's management is responsible for reviewing liquidity resources to ensure funds are readily available to meet its financial obligations as they become due, as well as ensuring that adequate funds exist to support business strategies and operational growth. JCIUSA's business requires capital for operating and regulatory purposes. The current assets reflected on the balance sheet are highly liquid with the majority being held as cash.

Notes to Financial Statements **December 31, 2011 and 2010**

The following table presents the contractual terms to maturity of the financial liabilities owed by JCISA as at December, 31, 2011:

Financial Liability	Carrying amount	Contracted term to maturity
Accounts payable	\$16,803	Due within one year
Accounts payable		

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. JCIUSA separates market risk into three categories: fair value risk, interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk.

Fair value risk

JCIUSA's financial assets and liabilities include cash, due from parent, due from client, accounts payable and due to client. The fair value approximates the carrying value of these items due to their current nature.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments held by JCISA. JCIUSA incurs interest rate risk on its cash. JCIUSA minimizes and monitors its exposure to interest rate risk through quantitative analysis of cash interest rates being received.

Due to the short term nature of cash there is no significant interest rate risk arising from fluctuations in interest rates. A 1% change in the prevailing interest rates on cash deposits would not significantly impact JCIUSA's financial statements.

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arises from the possibility that changes in the price of foreign currencies will result in losses. JCIUSA's primary foreign exchange risk results from Canadian cash being held. Any fluctuations in the Canadian dollar against the United States dollar will result in exchange gains or losses being included in the determination of earnings for the year.

JCI holds minimal financial instruments in foreign currencies. Thus, any fluctuations in foreign exchange rates will have an immaterial impact on earnings.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2011 and 2010

6 Related party transactions

At December 31, 2011, JCI owned 100% (2010 – 100%) of the outstanding common shares of JCIUSA. Under an agreement dated September 1, 2011 which amends an agreement dated April 24, 2006, JCI provides securities trading, clearing and settlement and other administrative services to JCIUSA and charges a management fee for these on a monthly basis. For these services, JCIUSA was charged a total of \$757,353 (2010 - \$722,266). These transactions are in the normal course of operations and have been valued in these financial statements at the exchange amount which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties. The intercompany receivable of \$5,995 (2010 - \$13,314) represents the net balance of the above services and commission revenue collected by JCI on behalf of JCIUSA.

7 Economic Dependence

JCIUSA is economically dependant on JCI for all corporate infrastructure, administration and revenue generating activities.

8 Net capital

At December 31, 2011, JCIUSA had net capital of \$2,710,736, pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-1. Its minimum capital requirement was \$250,000, leaving excess net capital of \$2,460,736 (see Schedule 1). During 2011 and as at December 31, 2011, JCIUSA met the capital requirements of the SEC.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2011 and 2010

(expressed in U.S. dollars)

Schedule 1 - Computation of Net Capital Pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-1

	2011 \$	2010 \$
Shareholder's Equity	2,738,415	1,629,301
Subordinated loans	-	
	2,738,415	1,629,301
Less: Due from parent Prepaid expenses Intangible assets Haircut on foreign currency positions	5,995 21,684 - -	13,314 21,671 18,130 47
	27,679	53,162
Net capital pursuant to Rule 15c3-1	2,710,736	1,576,139
Minimum net capital	(250,000)	(250,000)
Excess net capital	2,460,736	1,326,139

The above calculation does not differ from the computation of net capital calculated under SEC Rule 15c3-1 as of December 31, 2011 filed by JCIUSA on Form X-17A-5 Part II.

Schedule 2 - Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-3

JCIUSA operates pursuant to the (k)(2)(ii) exemption to the Reserve and Possession of Control Requirements of SEC Rule 15c3-3.



February 27, 2012

Report of Independent Accountants

To the Board of Directors Jennings Capital (USA) Inc.

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7) of the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) of Jennings Capital (USA) Inc. (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2011, which were agreed to by the Company, the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (collectively, the "specified parties") solely to assist the specified parties in evaluating the Company's compliance with the applicable instructions of Form SIPC-7 during the year ended December 31, 2011. Management is responsible for the Company's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

 Compared the listed assessment payments of Form SIPC-7 with the respective cash disbursement records entries, noting no differences;

2. Compared the Total Revenue amount of the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2011 as applicable with the amounts reported on Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2011, noting no differences;

3. Compared any adjustments reported on page 2, items 2b and 2c of Form SIPC-7 with the supporting schedules and working papers, there were no adjustments; and

4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers obtained in procedure 3, noting no adjustments in procedure 3.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on the Company's preparation of Form SIPC-7 in accordance with the applicable instructions. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.



This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the board of directors of the Company, the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP

Chartered Accountants

(33-REV 7/10)

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION P.O. Box 92185 Washington, D.C. 20090-2185 202-371-8300

General Assessment Reconciliation

For the fiscal year ended <u>December</u> 31, 20 11

(33-REV 7/10)

TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS				
	rity, 1934 Act registration no. and month in which fiscal year ends for			
067368 FINRA DEC JENNINGS CAPITAL (USA) INC ATTN: NANCY PECK 308 4TH AVE SW STE2700 CALGARY ALBERTA T2P OH7	Note: If any of the information shown on the mailing label requires correction, please e-mail any corrections to form@sipc.org and so indicate on the form filed. Name and telephone number of person to			
CANADA	contact respecting this form.			
	24.0 02			
2. A. General Assessment (item 2e from page 2) B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (exclude interest)	\$ <u>2016.65</u>			
Date Paid C. Less prior overpayment applied				
D. Assessment balance due or (overpayment)	643.38			
E. Interest computed on late payment (see instruction E	fordays at 20% per annum,			
F. Total assessment balance and interest due (or overp	(ayment carried forward) \$ 643.38			
G. PAID WITH THIS FORM:Check enclosed, payable to SIPCTotal (must be same as F above)	s 643.38			
H. Overpayment carried forward	\$()			
3. Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in this fo	rm (give name and 1934 Act registration number):			
The SIPC member submitting this form and the person by whom it is executed represent thereby that all information contained herein is true, correct and complete.	Jennings Carital (USA) Inc (Name of Corporation, Partnership or other organization)			
Dated the 22 day of February, 2012	Nancy Peck, Flwor			
This form and the assessment payment is due 60 days at for a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 years i	fter the end of the fiscal year. Retain the Working Copy of this form n an easily accessible place.			
Dates: Postmarked Received Revi	ewed			
Calculations Docu	imentation Forward Copy			
Exceptions:				
Dates: Postmarked Received Review Documents Exceptions: Disposition of exceptions:				

AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

	THE ACCESSIMENT	Amounts for the fisca beginning	period , 20
Item No. 2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 10/Part LLA Line 20/Part Lla Line 2		and ending <u>Dec 31</u> Eliminate cel	, 2011
2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)		\$1,064,C	113
2b. Additions: (1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries predecessors not included above.	e (except foreign subsidiaries) and		
(2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading	accounts.	į	
(3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in tradi			
(4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item			
(5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underw			
(6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees profit from management of or participation in underwriting of			
(7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.	or coodings.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total additions		0	
 Deductions: (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered ope investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the advisory services rendered to registered investment compan accounts, and from transactions in security futures products 	e business of insurance, from investment		
(2) Revenues from commodity transactions.			
(3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SI securities transactions.	PC members in connection with		****
(4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicita	tion.		
(5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.			
(6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper from issuance date.	in (i) certificates of deposit and that mature nine months or less		
(7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section	f in connection with other revenue 1 16(9)(L) of the Act).	·	
(8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the se (See Instruction C):			
(Deductions in excess of \$100,000 require documentation)			
(9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income.	IIA Line 13,		
(ii) 40% of margin interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960).	\$	±	
Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)			
Total deductions			
2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues		10111012	
2e. General Assessment @ .0025	\$	1,064,013	
V	\$	(to page 1, line 2.A.)	
	_	. Paga il mio einij	



February 28, 2012

To Whom It May Concern:

Re: Form X-17A-5, Part III (n)

Jennings Capital (USA) Inc. reports there are no material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since December 31, 2010.

Yours truly,

Nancy Peck, FINOP Jennings Capital (USA) Inc.



February 27, 2012

Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors of Jennings Capital (USA) Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Jennings Capital (USA) Inc. (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.



Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2011 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Chartered Accountants

Pricewaterhouse Coopers U.P.